Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
September 30, 2016

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016

Assets

Yen (millions)

March 31,

2016

Note

September 30,

(150,141)

6,564,536

6,804,229

¥16,988,446

239,693

336,115

270,355

6,761,433

7,031,788

¥18,229,294

7 2550-5	Hote	unaudited	unaudited
Current assets:		V 1 757 156	W 4 650 500
Cash and cash equivalents		¥ 1,757,456	¥ 1,679,709
Trade receivables		826,714	691,742
Receivables from financial services		1,926,014	1,683,563
Other financial assets		103,035	83,595
Inventories		1,313,292	1,241,950
Other current assets		315,115	287,479
Total current assets		6,241,626	5,668,038
Non-current assets:		500.000	505 600
Investments accounted for using the equity method		593,002	585,680
Receivables from financial services		3,082,054	2,796,866
Other financial assets		335,203	328,229
Equipment on operating leases	6	3,678,111	3,619,530
Property, plant and equipment	7	3,139,564	2,906,854
Intangible assets		824,939	800,446
Deferred tax assets		180,828	143,411
Other non-current assets		153,967	139,392
Total non-current assets		11,987,668	11,320,408
Total assets		¥18,229,294	¥16,988,446
		Yen (m	
Liabilities and Equity	Note	March 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
• •		unaudited	unaudited
Current liabilities:		W 1 100 0 11	W 004.053
Trade payables		¥ 1,128,041	¥ 984,853
Financing liabilities		2,789,620	2,575,905
Accrued expenses		384,614	331,887
Other financial liabilities		89,809	74,250
Income taxes payable	0	45,872	44,013
Provisions	8	513,232	433,163
Other current liabilities		519,163	487,205
Total current liabilities		5,470,351	4,931,276
Non-current liabilities:			
Financing liabilities		3,736,628	3,491,870
Other financial liabilities		47,755	44,718
Retirement benefit liabilities	9	660,279	522,364
Provisions	8	264,978	209,407
Deferred tax liabilities		789,830	772,233
Other non-current liabilities		227,685	212,349
Total non-current liabilities		5,727,155	5,252,941
Total liabilities		11,197,506	10,184,217
Equity:			
Common stock		86,067	86,067
Capital surplus			
			171.118
		171,118	171,118 (26,182)
Treasury stock Retained earnings			171,118 (26,182) 6,483,674

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Other components of equity

Non-controlling interests

Total liabilities and equity

Total equity

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

For the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016

		Yen (m	illions)
	Note	September 30, 2015 unaudited	September 30, 2016 unaudited
Sales revenue		¥ 7,326,039	¥ 6,734,698
Operating costs and expenses:			
Cost of sales		(5,714,351)	(5,200,531)
Selling, general and administrative		(913,555)	(746,284)
Research and development		(294,005)	(292,959)
Total operating costs and expenses		(6,921,911)	(6,239,774)
Operating profit		404,128	494,924
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	5	72,514	67,083
Finance income and finance costs:			
Interest income		14,094	14,808
Interest expense		(9,132)	(6,191)
Other, net		11,662	(11,566)
Total finance income and finance costs		16,624	(2,949)
Profit before income taxes		493,266	559,058
Income tax expense	10	(147,049)	(177,454)
Profit for the period		¥ 346,217	¥ 381,604
Profit for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		313,788	351,795
Non-controlling interests		32,429	29,809
		Ye	en
		September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent			
Basic and diluted	13	¥ 174.11	¥ 195.19

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016

		Yen (m	illions)
	Note	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016
		unaudited	unaudited
Profit for the period		¥ 346,217	¥ 381,604
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	9	_	11,561
Net changes in revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through			
other comprehensive income		(12,628)	907
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the			
equity method		(2,193)	(799)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(199,042)	(453,298)
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the			
equity method		(8,404)	(57,685)
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		(222,267)	(499,314)
Comprehensive income for the period		¥ 123,950	¥ (117,710)
Comprehensive income for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		110,091	(117,593)
Non-controlling interests		13,859	(117)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016

		Yen (n	nillions)
	Note	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016
		unaudited	unaudited
Sales revenue		¥ 3,621,277	¥ 3,262,968
Operating costs and expenses:			
Cost of sales		(2,828,705)	(2,522,871)
Selling, general and administrative		(479,067)	(384,621)
Research and development		(148,663)	(127,395)
Total operating costs and expenses		(3,456,435)	(3,034,887)
Operating profit		164,842	228,081
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method		34,199	39,861
Finance income and finance costs:			
Interest income		6,302	7,368
Interest expense		(4,307)	(3,099)
Other, net		9,903	(1,645)
Total finance income and finance costs		11,898	2,624
Profit before income taxes		210,939	270,566
Income tax expense		(68,598)	(78,828)
Profit for the period		¥ 142,341	¥ 191,738
Profit for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		127,751	177,096
Non-controlling interests		14,590	14,642
		Y	en
		September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent			
Basic and diluted	13	¥ 70.88	¥ 98.26

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016

		Yen (m	illions)
	Note	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016
		unaudited	unaudited
Profit for the period		¥ 142,341	¥ 191,738
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	9		11,561
Net changes in revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through			
other comprehensive income		(15,206)	11,828
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the			
equity method		(2,557)	1,285
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(278,654)	(76,918)
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the			
equity method		(16,120)	(21,421)
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		(312,537)	(73,665)
Comprehensive income for the period		¥ (170,196)	¥ 118,073
Comprehensive income for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(165,942)	107,204
Non-controlling interests		(4,254)	10,869

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016

						Yen (millions)			
			Equit	ty attributab	le to owners				
						Other			
		Common	Capital	Treasury	Retained	components of		Non-controlling	Total
D. I	Note	stock	surplus	stock	earnings	equity	Total	interests	equity
Balance as of April 1, 2015 (unaudited)		¥ 86,067	¥171,118	¥ (26,165)	¥6,083,573	¥ 794,034	¥7,108,627	¥ 274,194	¥7,382,821
Comprehensive income for the period									
Profit for the period					313,788		313,788	32,429	346,217
Other comprehensive income, net of tax						(203,697)	(203,697)	(18,570)	(222,267)
Total comprehensive income for the									
period					313,788	(203,697)	110,091	13,859	123,950
Reclassification to retained earnings					(252)	252	_		_
Transactions with owners and other									
Dividends paid	14			-	(79,300)		(79,300)	(30,739)	(110,039)
Purchases of treasury stock				(7)			(7)	(* 600)	(7)
Equity transactions and others								(2,600)	(2,600)
Total transactions with owners and									
other				(7)	(79,300)		(79,307)	(33,339)	(112,646)
Balance as of September 30, 2015 (unaudited)		¥ 86,067	¥171,118	¥ (26,172)	¥6,317,809	¥ 590,589	¥7,139,411	¥ 254,714	¥7,394,125
						Ven (millions)			
			Equit	ty attributah		Yen (millions)			
			Equi	ty attributab	le to owners	of the parent			
		Common		•	le to owners	of the parent Other		Non-controlling	Total
	Note	Common	Capital	Treasury	le to owners Retained	Other components of	Total	Non-controlling	Total equity
Balance as of April 1, 2016 (unaudited)	Note	Common stock ¥ 86.067		Treasury stock	Retained earnings	of the parent Other components of equity	Total ¥6.761.433	interests	equity
Balance as of April 1, 2016 (unaudited)	Note	stock	Capital surplus	Treasury	le to owners Retained	of the parent Other components of equity	<u>Total</u> <u>¥6,761,433</u>	interests	
Comprehensive income for the period	Note	stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311	of the parent Other components of equity	¥6,761,433	interests ¥ 270,355	equity ¥7,031,788
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period	Note	stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115	¥6,761,433 351,795	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809	equity ¥7,031,788
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax	Note	stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311	of the parent Other components of equity	¥6,761,433	interests ¥ 270,355	equity ¥7,031,788
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the	Note	stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311 351,795	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115 (469,388)	¥6,761,433 351,795 (469,388)	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809 (29,926)	equity ¥7,031,788 381,604 (499,314)
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the period	Note	stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311 351,795	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115 (469,388)	¥6,761,433 351,795	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809	equity ¥7,031,788
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the period Reclassification to retained earnings	Note	stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311 351,795	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115 (469,388)	¥6,761,433 351,795 (469,388)	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809 (29,926)	equity ¥7,031,788 381,604 (499,314)
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the period	Note	stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311 351,795 351,795 16,868	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115 (469,388)	¥6,761,433 351,795 (469,388)	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809 (29,926)	equity ¥7,031,788 381,604 (499,314)
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the period Reclassification to retained earnings Transactions with owners and other		stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311 351,795	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115 (469,388)	\$\frac{\frac{\xi}{6,761,433}}{351,795}\$\frac{(469,388)}{(117,593)}\$	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809 (29,926) (117)	equity ¥7,031,788 381,604 (499,314) (117,710)
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the period Reclassification to retained earnings Transactions with owners and other Dividends paid		stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock ¥ (26,178)	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311 351,795 351,795 16,868	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115 (469,388)	\$\frac{\frac{\xi}{6,761,433}}{351,795}\$\frac{(469,388)}{(469,388)}\$\tag{117,593}\$\tag{79,300}	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809 (29,926) (117)	equity ¥7,031,788 381,604 (499,314) (117,710) — (109,845)
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the period Reclassification to retained earnings Transactions with owners and other Dividends paid Purchases of treasury stock		stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock ¥ (26,178)	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311 351,795 351,795 16,868	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115 (469,388)	\$\frac{\frac{\xi}{6,761,433}}{351,795}\$\frac{(469,388)}{(469,388)}\$\tag{117,593}\$\tag{79,300}	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809 (29,926) (117)	equity ¥7,031,788 381,604 (499,314) (117,710) — (109,845)
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the period Reclassification to retained earnings Transactions with owners and other Dividends paid Purchases of treasury stock Equity transactions and others		stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock ¥ (26,178)	Retained earnings ¥6,194,311 351,795 351,795 16,868	of the parent Other components of equity ¥ 336,115 (469,388)	\$\frac{\frac{\xi}{6,761,433}}{351,795}\$\frac{(469,388)}{(469,388)}\$\tag{117,593}\$\tag{79,300}	interests ¥ 270,355 29,809 (29,926) (117)	equity ¥7,031,788 381,604 (499,314) (117,710) — (109,845)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016

		Yen (m		
	Note	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016	
Cook flows from appreting activities		unaudited	unaudited	
Cash flows from operating activities: Profit before income taxes		¥ 493,266	¥ 559,058	
Depreciation, amortization and impairment losses excluding equipment on operating		+ 493,200	+ 339,036	
leases		326,092	328,087	
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method		(72,514)	(67,083)	
Finance income and finance costs, net		2,707	(17,878)	
Interest income and interest costs from financial services, net		(80,846)	(59,724)	
Changes in assets and liabilities		(00,010)	(35,721)	
Trade receivables		36,657	80,136	
Inventories		78,041	(54,326)	
Trade payables		(35,541)	(39,652)	
Accrued expenses		(25,100)	(15,743)	
Provisions and retirement benefit liabilities		66,212	(169,889)	
Receivables from financial services		200,799	63,491	
Equipment on operating leases		(320,178)	(281,527)	
Other assets and liabilities		(11,828)	6,375	
Other, net		(3,164)	(5,051)	
Dividends received		53,091	52,353	
Interest received		120,247	106,089	
Interest paid		(45,943)	(48,710)	
Income taxes paid, net of refunds		(76,484)	(43,861)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		705,514	392,145	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Payments for additions to property, plant and equipment		(314,887)	(220,278)	
Payments for additions to and internally developed intangible assets		(115,462)	(79,141)	
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		14,406	10,223	
Payments for acquisitions of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired			(2,835)	
Payments for acquisitions of other financial assets		(74,024)	(114,612)	
Proceeds from sales and redemptions of other financial assets		63,100	66,194	
Other, net		(1,656)	(200)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(428,523)	(340,649)	
		(120,323)	(3 10,0 17)	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from short-term financing liabilities		4,239,202	4,243,184	
Repayments of short-term financing liabilities		(4,541,807)	(4,211,031)	
Proceeds from long-term financing liabilities		1,056,529	845,193	
Repayments of long-term financing liabilities		(662,588)	(723,464)	
Dividends paid to owners of the parent		(79,300)	(79,300)	
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(30,722)	(29,395)	
Purchases and sales of treasury stock, net		(7)	(4)	
Other, net		(24,677)	(24,251)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(43,370)	20,932	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(61,724)	(150,175)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		171,897	(77,747)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,471,730	1,757,456	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		¥ 1,643,627	¥ 1,679,709	

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(1) Reporting Entity

Honda Motor Co., Ltd. (the "Company") is a public company domiciled in Japan. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Honda") develop, manufacture and distribute motorcycles, automobiles, power products and others throughout the world, and also provide financial services to customers and dealers for the sale of those products. Principal manufacturing facilities are located in Japan, the United States of America, Canada, Mexico, the United Kingdom, Turkey, Italy, France, China, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand, Vietnam, Argentina and Brazil.

(2) Basis of Preparation

(a) Compliance with Interim Financial Reporting Standards

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". The condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(b) Functional Currency and Presentation Currency

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Japanese yen, which is the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in Japanese yen has been rounded to the nearest million Japanese yen, except when otherwise indicated.

(c) Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies, the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from these estimates. These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a continuous basis. Changes in these accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared based on the same judgments and estimations as those applied and described in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

(3) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared based on the same accounting policies as those applied and described in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(4) Segment Information

Honda has four reportable segments: Motorcycle business, Automobile business, Financial services business and Power product and other businesses, which are based on Honda's organizational structure and characteristics of products and services. Operating segments are defined as the components of Honda for which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The accounting policies used for these reportable segments are consistent with the accounting policies used in the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Principal products and services, and functions of each segment are as follows:

Segment	Principal products and services	Functions
Motorcycle Business	Motorcycles, all-terrain vehicles (ATVs) and relevant parts	Research and development Manufacturing Sales and related services
Automobile Business	Automobiles and relevant parts	Research and development Manufacturing Sales and related services
Financial Services Business	Financial services	Retail loan and lease related to Honda products Others
Power Product and Other Businesses	Power products and relevant parts, and others	Research and development Manufacturing Sales and related services Others

(a) Segment Information

Segment information as of and for the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 is as follows:

As of and for the six months ended September 30, 2015

	Yen (millions)							
	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Power Product and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated	
Sales revenue:								
External customers	¥ 925,994	¥5,297,540	¥ 935,678	¥166,827	¥ 7,326,039	¥ —	¥ 7,326,039	
Intersegment		64,086	6,368	9,669	80,123	(80,123)		
Total	925,994	5,361,626	942,046	176,496	7,406,162	(80,123)	7,326,039	
Segment profit (loss)	¥ 104,638	¥ 198,527	¥ 104,309	¥ (3,346)	¥ 404,128	<u>¥ —</u>	¥ 404,128	
Segment assets	¥1,356,427	¥7,478,846	¥9,377,731	¥343,048	¥18,556,052	¥(233,783)	¥18,322,269	
Depreciation and amortization	36,356	281,526	301,048	6,575	625,505	_	625,505	
Capital expenditures	32,976	360,776	1,030,924	6,356	1,431,032	_	1,431,032	

As of and for the six months ended September 30, 2016

	Yen (millions)							
	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Power Product and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated	
Sales revenue:								
External customers	¥ 841,780	¥4,840,645	¥ 907,875	¥144,398	¥ 6,734,698	¥ —	¥ 6,734,698	
Intersegment		72,866	6,469	10,088	89,423	(89,423)		
Total	841,780	4,913,511	914,344	154,486	6,824,121	(89,423)	6,734,698	
Segment profit (loss)	¥ 90,708	¥ 316,363	¥ 88,355	¥ (502)	¥ 494,924	¥ —	¥ 494,924	
Segment assets	¥1,259,390	¥7,047,423	¥8,440,387	¥308,276	¥17,055,476	¥(67,030)	¥16,988,446	
Depreciation and amortization	37,883	282,085	311,383	6,620	637,971	_	637,971	
Capital expenditures	22,721	246,643	990,383	5,406	1,265,153	_	1,265,153	

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Segment information for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 is as follows:

For the three months ended September 30, 2015

				Yen (millions)		
	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Power Product and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated
Sales revenue:							
External customers	¥453,291	¥2,621,653	¥462,006	¥84,327	¥3,621,277	¥ —	¥3,621,277
Intersegment		33,899	3,179	3,971	41,049	(41,049)	
Total	453,291	2,655,552	465,185	88,298	3,662,326	(41,049)	3,621,277
Segment profit (loss)	¥ 49,068	¥ 67,773	¥ 51,867	¥ (3,866)	¥ 164,842	¥ —	¥ 164,842

For the three months ended September 30, 2016

	Yen (millions)						
	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Power Product and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling	Consolidated
Sales revenue:							
External customers	¥409,376	¥2,341,660	¥443,201	¥68,731	¥3,262,968	¥ —	¥3,262,968
Intersegment		35,740	3,173	4,843	43,756	(43,756)	_
Total	409,376	2,377,400	446,374	73,574	3,306,724	(43,756)	3,262,968
Segment profit (loss)	¥ 59,510	¥ 131,830	¥ 37,778	¥ (1,037)	¥ 228,081	¥ —	¥ 228,081

Explanatory notes:

- 1. Segment profit (loss) of each segment is measured in a consistent manner with consolidated operating profit, which is profit before income taxes before share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method and finance income and finance costs. Expenses not directly associated with specific segments are allocated based on the most reasonable measures applicable.
- Segment assets of each segment are defined as total assets including investments accounted for using the equity method, derivatives, and deferred tax assets. Segment assets are based on those directly associated with each segment and those not directly associated with specific segments are allocated based on the most reasonable measures applicable except for the corporate assets described below.
- 3. Intersegment sales revenues are generally made at values that approximate arm's-length prices.
- 4. Reconciling items include elimination of intersegment transactions and balances as well as unallocated corporate assets. Unallocated corporate assets, included in reconciling items as of September 30, 2015 and 2016 amounted to ¥430,679 million and ¥341,711 million, respectively, which consist primarily of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(b) Supplemental Geographical Information

In addition to the disclosure required by IFRS, Honda provides the following supplemental information for the financial statements users:

Supplemental geographical information based on the location of the Company and its subsidiaries

As of and for the six months ended September 30, 2015

								Yen (m	illio	ons)						
		Japan		North America		Europe		Asia		Other Regions		Total	F	Reconciling Items	С	onsolidated
Sales revenue:										<u> </u>						
External customers	¥	988,830	¥	4,105,050	¥	318,139	¥	1,464,644	¥	449,376	¥	7,326,039	¥	_	¥	7,326,039
Inter-geographic areas		909,724		182,718		41,611		315,743		1,810		1,451,606		(1,451,606)		
Total		1,898,554		4,287,768	_	359,750		1,780,387	_	451,186		8,777,645		(1,451,606)		7,326,039
Operating profit (loss)	¥	53,971	¥	146,489	¥	2,179	¥	181,573	¥	11,717	¥	395,929	¥	8,199	¥	404,128
Assets	¥	4,127,849	¥	10,564,347	¥	639,202	¥	2,431,728	¥	584,145	¥	18,347,271	¥	(25,002)	¥	18,322,269
Non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets	¥	2,329,318	¥	4,369,043	¥	112,638	¥	723,554	¥	167,293	¥	7,701,846	¥	_	¥	7,701,846

As of and for the six months ended September 30, 2016

								Yen (m	illio	ons)						
				North						Other			F	Reconciling		
		Japan		America		Europe		Asia		Regions		Total		Items	C	onsolidated
Sales revenue:																
External customers	¥	977,558	¥	3,709,230	¥	312,139	¥	1,390,663	¥	345,108	¥	6,734,698	¥	_	¥	6,734,698
Inter-geographic areas		905,680		198,818		31,952		271,911		1,409		1,409,770		(1,409,770)		_
Total		1,883,238		3,908,048		344,091		1,662,574		346,517		8,144,468		(1,409,770)		6,734,698
Operating profit (loss)	¥	66,066	¥	209,383	¥	1,351	¥	181,603	¥	27,752	¥	486,155	¥	8,769	¥	494,924
Assets	¥	4,130,606	¥	9,447,227	¥	572,484	¥	2,334,452	¥	595,104	¥	17,079,873	¥	(91,427)	¥	16,988,446
Non-current assets other than																
financial instruments																
and deferred tax assets	¥	2,428,393	¥	4,144,241	¥	102,429	¥	624,160	¥	166,999	¥	7,466,222	¥	_	¥	7,466,222

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the three months ended September 30, 2015

		Yen (millions)								
	T	North	F	A	Other	T-4-1	Reconciling	Constituted		
a 1	Japan	America	Europe	Asia	Regions	Total	Items	Consolidated		
Sales revenue:										
External customers	¥525,761	¥2,000,518	¥166,132	¥719,479	¥209,387	¥3,621,277	¥ —	¥3,621,277		
Inter-geographic areas	456,234	95,634	22,807	161,977	1,196	737,848	(737,848)			
Total	981,995	2,096,152	188,939	881,456	210,583	4,359,125	(737,848)	3,621,277		
Operating profit (loss)	¥ 26,161	¥ 37,466	¥ 3,135	¥ 86,003	¥ 7,213	¥ 159,978	¥ 4,864	¥ 164,842		

For the three months ended September 30, 2016

		Yen (millions)									
	Japan	North America	Europe	Asia	Other Regions	Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated			
Sales revenue:											
External customers	¥513,380	¥1,738,587	¥139,244	¥698,886	¥172,871	¥3,262,968	¥ —	¥3,262,968			
Inter-geographic areas	464,171	100,658	21,852	132,390	795	719,866	(719,866)				
Total	977,551	1,839,245	161,096	831,276	173,666	3,982,834	(719,866)	3,262,968			
Operating profit (loss)	¥ 85,843	¥ 38,112	¥ 105	¥ 91,282	¥ 13,426	¥ 228,768	¥ (687)	¥ 228,081			

Explanatory notes:

1. Major countries or regions in each geographic area:

North America United States, Canada, Mexico

Europe United Kingdom, Germany, France, Belgium, Turkey

Asia Thailand, Indonesia, China, India, Vietnam

Other Regions Brazil, Australia

- 2. Operating profit (loss) of each geographical region is measured in a consistent manner with consolidated operating profit, which is profit before income taxes before share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method and finance income and finance costs.
- 3. Assets of each geographical region are defined as total assets including investments accounted for using the equity method, derivatives, and deferred tax assets.
- 4. Sales revenues between geographic areas are generally made at values that approximate arm's-length prices.
- 5. Reconciling items include elimination of inter-geographic transactions and balances as well as unallocated corporate assets. Unallocated corporate assets, included in reconciling items as of September 30, 2015 and 2016 amounted to \(\frac{4}{4}\)30,679 million and \(\frac{4}{3}\)341,711 million, respectively, which consist primarily of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

(5) Impairment loss on investments accounted for using the equity method

For the six months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recognized impairment losses of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\frac{4}}}{12,871}\) million on certain investments accounted for using the equity method because there is objective evidence of impairment from declines in quoted market values. The impairment losses are included in share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method in the condensed consolidated statement of income.

(6) Equipment on Operating Leases

The additions to equipment on operating leases for the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 are \(\pm\)1,028,556 million and \(\pm\)988,496 million, respectively.

The sales or disposals of equipment on operating leases for the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 are \\ \pm 405,172\text{ million and }\\ \pm 33,527\text{ million, respectively.}

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(7) Property, Plant and Equipment

The additions to property, plant and equipment for the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 are \$292,806 million and \$212,974 million, respectively.

The sales or disposals of property, plant and equipment for the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 are \\$22,999 million and \\$16,332 million, respectively.

(8) Provisions

The components of and changes in provisions for the six months ended September 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Yen (millions)	
	Product warranties*	Other	Total
Balance as of March 31, 2016	¥ 727,441	¥ 50,769	¥ 778,210
Provision	¥ 125,059	¥ 12,112	¥ 137,171
Charge-offs	(175,069)	(11,407)	(186,476)
Reversal	(35,841)	(2,172)	(38,013)
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(45,060)	(3,262)	(48,322)
Balance as of September 30, 2016	¥ 596,530	¥ 46,040	¥ 642,570

Current liabilities and non-current liabilities of provisions as of March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Yen (Yen (millions)				
	As of March 31, 2016	As of	September 30, 2016			
Current liabilities	¥ 513,232	¥	433,163			
Non-current liabilities	264,978		209,407			
Total	¥ 778,210	¥	642,570			

Explanatory notes:

* Honda recognizes provisions for product warranties to cover future product warranty expenses. Honda recognizes costs for general warranties on products Honda sells and for specific warranty programs, including product recalls. Honda recognizes general estimated warranty costs at the time products are sold to customers. Honda also recognizes specific estimated warranty program costs when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. These provisions are estimated based on historical warranty claim experience with consideration given to the expected level of future warranty costs as well as current information on repair costs. Provision for product warranties are utilized for expenditures based on the demand from customers and dealers.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(9) Employee Benefits

In August 2016, the Company and its certain subsidiaries in Japan decided, effective April 1, 2017, to extend mandatory retirement age from 60 years old to 65 years old and introduce a flexible retirement scheme that enables employees to choose retirement age between 60 years old and 65 years old, along with amendments to their defined benefit pension plans to align with the postponement of the retirement age, to fulfill diversifying needs of individual employees. The plan amendments include the revision of the benefit curve, to make the lump-sum benefit payment at the retirement age between 60 years old and 65 years old under the new plan consistent with that at the mandatory retirement age, 60 years old, under the existing plan. In addition, one of the defined benefit pension plans will be replaced by a defined contribution plan.

This plan amendment resulted in a reduction of the defined benefit obligation and recognition of the past service cost through profit or loss. Honda recognized ¥84,024 million of past service cost (credit), of which ¥37,197 million is presented in cost of sales, ¥21,385 million is presented in selling, general and administrative and ¥25,442 million is presented in research and development in the condensed consolidated statements of income for the six months ended September 30, 2016. The defined benefit obligation and plan asset were remeasured.

(10) Income Taxes

In May 2015, the lawsuit related to transfer pricing involving the Company's transactions with certain consolidated subsidiaries in Brazil was concluded, and it was ruled that the Company shall receive a tax refund with corresponding interest in Japan. As a result, income tax expense decreased by ¥19,145 million for the six months ended September 30, 2015.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(11) Fair Value

(a) Definition of Fair Value Hierarchy

Honda uses a three-level hierarchy when measuring fair value. The following is a description of the three hierarchy levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access as of the measurement date
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the assets or liabilities

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which a fair value measurement in its entirety falls is based on the lowest input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Honda recognizes the transfers between the levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(b) Method of Fair Value Measurement

The fair values of assets and liabilities are determined based on relevant market information and through the use of an appropriate valuation method.

The measurement methods and assumptions used in the measurement of assets and liabilities are as follows:

(Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and trade payables)

The fair values approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term maturities.

(Receivables from financial services)

The fair value of receivables from financial services is measured primarily by discounting future cash flows using the current interest rates applicable for these receivables of similar remaining maturities. Fair value measurement for receivables from financial services is classified as Level 3.

(Debt securities)

Debt securities consist mainly of mutual funds, corporate bonds, local bonds and auction rate securities.

The fair value of mutual funds with an active market is measured by using quoted market prices. Fair value measurement for mutual funds with an active market is classified as Level 1.

The fair values of corporate bonds and local bonds are measured based on proprietary pricing models provided by specialists and/or market makers and the models obtain a wide array of market observable inputs such as credit ratings and discount rates. Fair value measurements for corporate bonds and local bonds are classified as Level 2.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

The subsidiary's auction rate securities are AAA rated and are insured by qualified guarantee agencies, and reinsured by the Secretary of Education and United States government, and guaranteed at approximately 95% by the United States government. To measure fair value of auction rate securities, Honda uses a third-party-developed valuation model which obtains a wide array of market observable inputs, as well as unobservable inputs including probability of passing or failing auction at each auction. Fair value measurement for auction rate securities is classified as Level 3.

(Equity securities)

The fair value of equity securities with an active market is measured by using quoted market prices. Fair value measurement for equity securities with an active market is classified as Level 1.

The fair value of equity securities with no active market is measured mainly by using the comparable company valuation method and other appropriate valuation methods. Fair value measurement for equity securities with no active market is classified as Level 3.

Price book-value ratio (PBR) of a comparable company are used as a significant unobservable input in the fair value measurement of equity securities classified as Level 3. The fair value increases (decreases) as PBR of a comparable company rise (decline). Such fair value measurements are conducted in accordance with the group accounting policy approved by the appropriate person of authority and based upon valuation methods determined by a valuator.

(Derivatives)

Derivatives consist mainly of foreign currency forward exchange contracts, foreign currency option contracts, currency swap agreements and interest rate swap agreements.

The fair values of foreign currency forward exchange contracts and foreign currency option contracts are measured by using market observable inputs such as spot exchange rates, discount rates and implied volatility. The fair values of currency swap agreements and interest rate swap agreements are measured by discounting future cash flows using market observable inputs such as LIBOR rates, swap rates, and foreign exchange rates. Fair value measurements for these derivatives are classified as Level 2.

The credit risk of the counterparties is considered in the valuation of derivatives.

(Financing liabilities)

The fair value of financing liabilities is measured by discounting future cash flows using interest rates currently available for liabilities of similar terms and remaining maturities. Fair value measurement of financing liabilities is mainly classified as Level 2.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(c) Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a recurring basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 consist of the following:

	Yen (millions)							
As of March 31, 2016	Le	vel 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Other financial assets:								
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss:								
Derivatives								
Foreign exchange instruments	¥		¥19,390	¥ —	¥ 19,390			
Interest rate instruments			30,632		30,632			
Total			50,022		50,022			
Debt securities	1	7,790	33,684	5,521	56,995			
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:								
Equity securities	142	2,943		10,370	153,313			
Total	¥16	0,733	¥83,706	¥15,891	¥260,330			
Other financial liabilities:								
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss:								
Derivatives								
Foreign exchange instruments	¥		¥19,102	¥ —	¥ 19,102			
Interest rate instruments			13,236		13,236			
Total			32,338		32,338			
Total	¥		¥32,338	¥ —	¥ 32,338			

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the year ended March 31, 2016.

	Yen (millions)						
As of September 30, 2016	Le	vel 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Other financial assets:							
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss:							
Derivatives							
Foreign exchange instruments	¥		¥15,542	¥ —	¥ 15,542		
Interest rate instruments			23,301		23,301		
Total			38,843		38,843		
Debt securities	19	9,326	33,095	4,955	57,376		
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:							
Equity securities	139	9,599		9,756	149,355		
Total	¥158	8,925	¥71,938	¥14,711	¥245,574		
Other financial liabilities:							
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss:							
Derivatives							
Foreign exchange instruments	¥		¥18,854	¥ —	¥ 18,854		
Interest rate instruments			8,642		8,642		
Total			27,496		27,496		
Total	¥	_	¥27,496	¥ —	¥ 27,496		

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the six months ended September 30, 2016.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(d) Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities measured at amortized cost

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost as of March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Yen (millions)					
		arch 31,	As of Sept	tember 30,		
	20	16	2016			
	Carrying		Carrying			
	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
Receivables from financial services	¥5,008,068	¥5,007,065	¥4,480,429	¥4,484,831		
Debt securities	40,670	40,670	74,648	74,650		
Financing liabilities	6,526,248	6,579,620	6,067,775	6,123,723		

The table does not include financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost whose fair values approximate their carrying amounts.

(e) Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a non-recurring basis

For the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company measured certain investments accounted for using the equity method at fair value on a nonrecurring basis due to the recognition of impairment losses. As of March 31, 2016, the carrying amounts of investments accounted for using the equity method measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis are \(\frac{4}{2}62,706\) million and are measured by using quoted market prices. Fair value measurements for the investments are classified as Level 1. Honda does not have significant assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of September 30, 2016.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(12) Contingent Liabilities

Claims and Lawsuits

Honda is subject to potential liability under various lawsuits and claims. Honda recognizes a provision for loss contingencies when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Honda reviews these pending lawsuits and claims periodically and adjusts the amounts recognized for these contingent liabilities, if necessary, by considering the nature of lawsuits and claims, the progress of the case and the opinions of legal counsel.

With respect to product liability, personal injury claims or lawsuits, Honda believes that any judgment that may be recovered by any plaintiff for general and special damages and court costs will be adequately covered by Honda's insurance and provision. Punitive damages are claimed in certain of these lawsuits.

After consultation with legal counsel, and taking into account all known factors pertaining to existing lawsuits and claims, Honda believes that the ultimate outcome of such lawsuits and pending claims should not result in liability to Honda that would be likely to have an adverse material effect on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Loss related to airbag inflators

Honda has been conducting market-based measures in relation to airbag inflators. Honda recognizes a provision for specific warranty costs when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. There is a possibility that Honda will need to recognize additional provisions when new evidence related to the product recalls arise, however, it is not possible for Honda to reasonably estimate the amount and timing of potential future losses as of the date of this report.

In the United States and Canada, various class action lawsuits and civil lawsuits related to the above mentioned market-based measures have been filed against Honda. The plaintiffs have claimed for properly functioning airbag inflators, compensation of economic losses including incurred costs and the decline in the value of vehicles, as well as punitive damages. Most of the class action lawsuits in the United States were transferred to the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida and consolidated into a multidistrict litigation.

Honda did not recognize a provision for loss contingencies because the conditions for a provision have not been met as of the date of this report. Therefore, it is not possible for Honda to reasonably estimate the amount and timing of potential future losses, if any, as of the date of this report because there is uncertainty.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(13) Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent for the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 are calculated based on the following information. There were no dilutive potential common shares outstanding for the six months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016.

		2015		2016
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent (millions of yen)	¥	313,788	¥	351,795
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic (shares)	1,80	2,285,931	1,80	02,282,829
Basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (yen)	¥	174.11	¥	195.19

Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 are calculated based on the following information. There were no dilutive potential common shares outstanding for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2016.

		2015		2016
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent (millions of yen)	¥	127,751	¥	177,096
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic (shares)	1,802	2,285,514	1,80	02,282,539
Basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (yen)	¥	70.88	¥	98.26

(14) Dividend

(a) Dividend payout

For the six months ended September 30, 2015

Resolution The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on June 17, 2015
Type of shares Common shares

Total amount of dividends (millions of yen) 39,650

Dividend per share (yen)

Record date

Effective date

22.00

March 31, 2015

June 18, 2015

Resolution The Board of Directors Meeting on July 31, 2015

Type of shares Common shares

Total amount of dividends (million yen)

Dividend per share (yen)

Record date

Effective date

39,650

22.00

June 30, 2015

August 25, 2015

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the six months ended September 30, 2016

Resolution The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on June 16, 2016

Type of shares Common shares

Total amount of dividends (millions of yen) 39,650 Dividend per share (yen) 22.00

Record date March 31, 2016 Effective date June 17, 2016

Resolution The Board of Directors Meeting on August 2, 2016

Type of shares Common shares

Total amount of dividends (million yen) 39,650 Dividend per share (yen) 22.00

Record date June 30, 2016 Effective date August 25, 2016

(b) Dividends payable of which record date was in the six months ended September 30, 2016, effective after the period

Resolution The Board of Directors Meeting on October 31, 2016

Type of shares
Resource for dividend
Common shares
Retained earnings

Total amount of dividends (millions of yen) 39,650 Dividend per share (yen) 22.00

Record date September 30, 2016 Effective date November 29, 2016

(15) Approval of Release of Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

The release of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements was approved by Takahiro Hachigo, President, Chief Executive Officer and Representative Director and Kohei Takeuchi, Director and Chief Operating Officer for Business Management Operations on November 4, 2016.